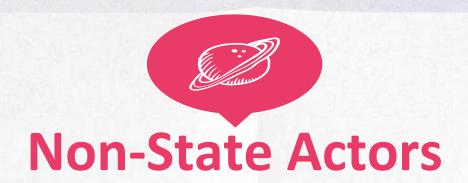
Non State Actors



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Non-state Actors



Entities that participate on the world stage or act in international relations to engage themselves in affairs relative to territorial possession, human rights, social justice, and global commerce. They are organizations with sufficient power to influence and cause a change even though they do not belong to any established institution of a state.

International nongovernmental organizations (INGOs):

Organizations that are established based on treaties or independently of the nation-state or internationally involving multinational jurisdiction. The organization operate internationally. e.g. International Committee of the Red Cross, FIFA, WWF.

Non-profit Organization:

Non-state actors based on Humanitarian, Human

Rights, or Environment-based. e.g. Amnesty

International, Greenpeace, and OXFAM.

Religious groups:

Quakers and other religious sects are quite active in their international advocacy efforts. e.g.

International Federation of Catholic Parochial Youth Movements (FIMCAP), Forum of European Muslim Youth and Student Organizations (FEMYSO).

Multinational enterprises:

Are for-profit organizations or corporations that operate in multiple sovereign states, who have the ability to influence popular opinion. e.g. Coca-Cola, Walmart, McD, Nike.

Transnational diaspora communities:

Ethnic or national communities that **try to influence their original and current territories**. e.g. Diaspora

Indonesia.

Individual:

Someone who has a great influence in the international world because his actions are enough to contribute to the international world. e.g. Nelson Mandela, Martin Luther King, Paus Yohanes Paulus II.

Violent non-state actors (VNSAs):

Are armed groups, including groups or criminal organizations. e.g. Drug cartels, terrorists, ISIS.

Other Groups:

Other groups that also have a role in international relations such as any associations, research institutes, and national / international media.

2 MNC

MNC VS Nation-state

- **Economy as Power**
- State (or MNC) Control over Economic Minds and Actions of States / Other State
- The Economic Capability of State (or MNC) to Modify the Behavior of Other Actors
- Production, Financy, Knowledge, and Security
- Transnationalism & The Emergence of MNC (large companies conduct their business in several states)
- The Good & Bad Sides of MNC

MNC vs Nation-state

POSSITIVE:

- As tools for Diplomacy
- Contribute for macro-economic (tax & treasury)
- Ensures supply, preference and Transfer technology price control
- disseminating ideologies

NEGATIVE:

- Capital-intensive businessbased that leads to unemployment
- (ToT) problems
- Instruments of **development of** The repatriation of profits the global economy and to increasingly difficult capital in occupied country the blocking lokal entrepreneur
 - Dependence on investment

MNC vs Nation-state

POSSITIVE / NEGATIVE:

- An MNC is more powerful, economically and de facto politically, than a state operating in, particularly when the state is a developing nation which perceives that it needs foreign direct investment
- MNCs may threaten disengagement if a state tries to increase its regulation of their activities, particularly if other states offer greater deregulation.

MNC Profit VS State GDP

- If there are 53,000 multinational corporations
 worldwide can have a subsidiary of 450,000 with a
 trade value of USD 9.5 trillion
- 6300 largest transnational corporations control at least one quarter (1/4) of the world's productive assets worth US \$ 5 trillion.
- The total annual sales of some MNC far outweighs the GDP of many countries in the world: Royal Dutch / Shell sales in one year are the same as Iraq's GDP, while the sales of Mitsui and General Motors combined will outpace Denmark, Portugal and Turkey's GDP

3 Terrorism



Terrorism:

A form of **political violence** that seeks and achieves its goals through by means of **creating fear and concern** (Goodin 2006 in Global Politics). Much is a moral justification for an act that causes fear because it is opposed to the values of the world community.

Terrorism Problems

- North Korea allegedly assisting the PLO, North Korea who to be assisting the Japanese Red Army in hijacking aircraft in the North in 1970, Cuba with El Salvador's Farabundo Marti National Front (FMLN), Iran and Iraq with their struggle groups, Israel controls Gaza & Wet Bank, Iran Help Hizbullah in Lebanon
- The bombing at the Embassy
- Assault on the state symbol (WTC)
- ▼ Transnationalism Terrorism & Crime (Taliban, Al-Qaeda, Jamaah Islamiah, ISIS)
- Cyber Terrorism

Impacs of Terrorism

- Invasion to another country
- War on Terror & International Security
- Securitization of VS Human Rights
- **Solution Solution Solution**
- National Security & Self Help

Lets Discuss

Do you agree the TNI's participation in counter terrorism?

Thanks!

